Western 1-Kote Premium Sanded Gray
Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Western 1-Kote Premium Sanded Gray

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Wall Coating

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sacramento Stucco Co.
1550 Parkway Blvd.
West Sacramento, CA 95691
T 916-372-7442 - F 916-372-4836

1.4. Emergency telephone number

No additional information available

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	H302
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Carc. 1A	H350

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

GHS05 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :
H302 - Harmful if swallowed
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H350 - May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)
P330 - Rinse mouth.
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	70 - 81.065	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 1A, H350
Cement, portland, chemicals	(CAS-No.) 65997-15-1	11.7 - 19	Not classified
Kaolin	(CAS-No.) 1332-58-7	<= 5	Not classified
Limestone	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3	<= 5	Not classified
Calcium Sulfoaluminate Cement	(CAS-No.) 960375-09-1	<= 4.95	Not classified
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	(CAS-No.) 13397-24-5	0.75 - 1.4	Not classified
Silica, amorphous	(CAS-No.) 7631-86-9	<= 1	Not classified
Smectite-group minerals	(CAS-No.) 12199-37-0	<= 0.25	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person immediately to fresh air. Consult a physician as necessary.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash affected area with mild soap and water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eyes. If irritation persists get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Dilute by drinking large quantities of water. If discomfort persists, consult a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory stress from particulate inhalation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Contact with dry product on wet skin or contact with moist or wet product may cause more severe effects including thickening, cracking or fissuring of the skin. Prolonged contact can cause severe skin damage in the form of caustic chemical burns.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes eye irritation. Eye contact with dry product or splashes of wet product may cause chemical burns and blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Not considered a likely route of entry under normal product use conditions. Ingestion of harmful amounts of dust may cause nausea or vomiting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Not flammable.

Explosion hazard : None known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up immediately using shovel or scoop. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep in dry areas. Avoid inhalation of dust. Prolonged contact with wet product can cause serious, potentially irreversible skin or eye damage in the form of chemical burns.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep in closed, air-tight containers. Do not store in close proximity to acids.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	5000 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Quartz (14808-60-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 µg/m³
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Kaolin (1332-58-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)		
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	3000 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³

Smectite-group minerals (12199-37-0)
Not applicable

Calcium Sulfoaluminate Cement (960375-09-1)
Not applicable

Limestone (1317-65-3)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Limestone (1317-65-3)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the levels of respirable silica to below exposure limits. Minimize the build-up of dust on walls, floors, equipment, and other horizontal surfaces.

Hand protection : Use neoprene or rubber gloves.

Eye protection : Use safety glasses, goggles, or face shield under circumstances where particles could cause eye injury.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable working clothes.

Respiratory protection : If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance : Powder.

Color : Dark grey

Odor : None

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Melting point : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : No data available

Flash point : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Specific gravity : 2.95

Solubility : Insoluble

Log Pow : No data available

Log Kow : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

A shortened shelf life is expected with exposure to air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not determined

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Western 1-Kote Premium Sanded Gray	
ATE US (oral)	616.789 mg/kg body weight

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg

Kaolin (1332-58-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LD50 oral rat	7900 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LC50 fish 1	5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	7600 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Not a dangerous good as defined in transport regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Quartz (14808-60-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Kaolin (1332-58-7)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Smectite-group minerals (12199-37-0)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Limestone (1317-65-3)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. US State regulations

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Quartz (14808-60-7)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Kaolin (1332-58-7)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Limestone (1317-65-3)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H350	May cause cancer

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product